

**Established 1881**  
**BROADWAY AND HILL**  
**EIGHTH STREETS**

**Suits, \$13.95**

**Living Econ-**  
**omy**  
**clothes.**

for men of  
 ar, stout, slim  
 tailored of  
 worsteds in  
 and of blue

**\$, \$1.00**

h, or travel—  
 or silk caps  
 art. You'll  
 le, with the  
 .00

lay for you to save, men!—  
 e's Men's Store will be a  
 values—wanted spring turn-  
 ily priced for the last day of

**Silk Shirts \$2.95**

—Handsome shirts in  
 plain colors, with rich  
 satin stripes of the same  
 shade—the kind of shirt  
 you see selling for a dollar  
 or so more.

—The fiber silk is of excel-  
 lent weight, and the shirt  
 are well-made; with revers-  
 ible French cuffs.

—In white, pink, gold, gray, tan,  
 under, and green—\$2.95.

**at a Lowered Price, \$3.95**

the new frosted silk crepes, in un-  
 ing striped patterns—black, blue,  
 and other wanted colors; all with  
 cuffs—\$3.95.

duced in Price, \$1.59  
 purchased from one of the best  
 stores of pajamas, many different  
 colors and materials, and every one  
 regular at \$1.50.

**Men's Silk Socks**  
**Underpriced, 50c**  
 —Full fashioned socks of pure  
 thread silk—slightly imperfect  
 or the price would be much  
 more; in black; sizes 9 1/2 to  
 11 1/2—buy a half dozen pairs at  
 a saving—50c.

**Excellent Values in**  
**Summer Shirts—\$1.15**  
 —Some in the more conserva-  
 tive patterns, with laundered  
 cuffs—\$1.15.  
 —Others in the smarter and  
 more colorful effect with soft  
 French cuffs—\$1.15.  
 Men's Store—Main Floor—Today

**Eliminated**

quality and quantity of the  
 home-delivered circulation  
 Times make the advertising  
 a newspaper a dividend-paying  
 in no sense a speculation.

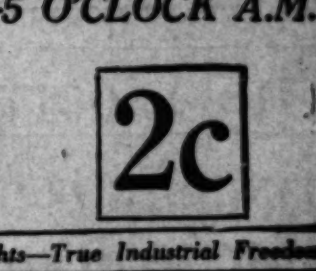
that The Times carries the mes-  
 sages advertisers into practically  
 home in Los Angeles and  
 suitable for this newspaper regu-  
 lar display and classified adver-  
 as more separate advertising  
 than any of its local contem-

ing is the local advertising  
 the week ending Saturday,  
 7.

**Total Gross**  
**Advertisements**  
 268,796  
 198,716  
 142,016  
 144,424  
 121,516  
 72,402

**Separate**  
**Want Ads.**  
 14,509  
 9,508  
 3,067  
 2,083  
 2,210  
 418

**CHES MONTGOMERY**  
 Jewelers  
 4th and Broadway



FRIDAY MORNING,

JUNE 1, 1917.

# DEATH FOR TREASON AWAITS ANTI-DRAFT PLOTTERS.

## Wilson's Note Reaches Russia America's War Aim is Stated.

### PAVES WAY FOR ROOT.

**Slav Schism May be Bridged.**

**Diplomatic Paper Calculated to Change Course of the World's History.**

**Soldiers and Anarchists in a Clash in the Streets of Petrograd.**

(BY WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)  
 WASHINGTON, May 31.—President Wilson's note to the provisional government of Russia to pay the way for the Russian commission and to give Russia a clear understanding of America's purpose in the war against Germany is believed here to have reached its destination.

Since its dispatch several days ago, the character of the message has been the subject for much informal discussion. In general, it is known to set forth that America is in the way "to make the world safe for democracy, as one of the champions of the rights of mankind."

This expression in the President's note to Congress are said to form the basis for elaboration in the communications.

The note, it is declared, also dis-

covers the subjects of "annexations and indemnities," the question that causes the schism between the Russian provisional government and the radicals of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Committee.

The view of the United States on "indemnities" is said to be outlined in no uncertain terms by the President, who draws a distinction between an indemnity for war damages and a conqueror's exaction of blood money. The President is known to hold the view that the United States government never will support a demand for indemnity to impose a penalty on a conquered foe.

But this view does not mean that Belgium should not be entitled to an indemnity in damages for destruction. The United States, the President holds, will approve and demand damages to Belgium for the ravages and destruction which Germany inflicted on that country, which had offered her no offense, destruction which followed in the wake of the "military necessity" in her plan to strike an enemy. Such an

(Continued on Second Page.)

(Continued on Second Page.)

### FRENCH WOMEN CARRY LETTERS.

**Natty Uniforms They Make First Appearance on Paris Streets.**

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)  
 PARIS, May 31, 11:15 a.m.—Wearing trim dark blue uniforms and glass straw hats with the French tri-color ribbon, the first women letter carriers made their appearance on the streets of Paris today. They are paid 5 francs 50 centimes per day, with extra allowances for the high cost of living.

Three students—two youths from Columbia University and a young woman, a senior at Barnard College—were arrested and held by a United States commissioner for examination tomorrow. Bond for each was fixed at \$1000.

The defendants are Owen Cattell, son of James McKean Cattell of Garrison, N. Y., noted psychologist and professor at Columbia; C. E. Phillips of Columbia, and Miss Eleanor Wilson Parker, who will be graduated in June from Barnard.

The three are members of the Collegiate Anti-military League, in the rooms of which a meeting of college students was held May 1.

When plans are alleged to have been made "against the peace of the United States and their dignity."

A pamphlet of this organization on sale at the Federal Bureau of Investigation's office shows that it has members at Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Cornell, Columbia, Oberlin, Amherst, Syracuse, Hobart, Pennsylvania, Radcliffe, Bryn Mawr, Iowa, Nevada, Leland Stanford, Rutgers and other colleges and universities and theological institutions through the country. Miss Parker is executive secretary.

According to the complaint filed by Assistant United States Attorney H. A. Content, Cattell, Phillips and Miss Parker conspired to "divers persons, whose names are unknown," to fail to register June 5.

Three "divers persons" are set forth as males between the ages of 21 and 30 years, inclusive. The defendants, alleged to be a committee selected at the meeting on May 1, are accused of having endeavored on May 24 to have the Graphic Press print pamphlets entitled "Will You Be Drafted?"

The pamphlet says that the three defendants signed their names to manuscript copies of the pamphlet. Press to be prepared in folder form.

FROM THE TEXT.  
 A copy of the text of the alleged anti-conscription document made public by the Federal Bureau of Investigation contains the assertion, "We will approve the action of anyone who registers for the draft for conscription."

The present administration and Congress were "elected presumably because they were expected to keep us out of war," the document asserts, and when war was declared there was a referendum now was there a referendum for conscription, the government "remembering perhaps that the referendum in Australia had resulted in a two-to-one vote against conscription."

### COLLEGIANS IN A PLOT.

**Secret Service Nips Conspiracy.**

**Three Students in New York Arrested by the Federal Authorities.**

**Suspects Held in Missouri and Kansas for Fight on Conscription.**

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
 NEW YORK, May 31.—Today Federal agents took action here against an alleged conspiracy to defeat selective draft registration in New York.

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### PREDICTS WAR WILL CLOSE IN A YEAR.

**CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE TIMES, May 31.—Stuart Armour, who in February of this year predicted the entry of the United States into the European war, now gives it as his opinion that the war will come to a close in March or April, 1918.**

Armour is the manager of Mount Stephen House, in Field, British Columbia.

"As I stated October 22, 1916, there is much evidence that the war will close in 1917, though from the still to be taken into consideration. It may possibly last until June or July, 1917."

Strong Medicine.

### YELLOW PERIL FOR THE SLAV.

**ALLIES THREATEN RUSSIA WITH JAPANESE INVASION.**

**Entente Nations Have Prepared for Any Eventuality in Case of Separate Peace with Germany.**

(BY WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)  
 WASHINGTON, May 31.—The Entente powers may give Russia a "yellow peril" scare if prospects of a separate Russian peace becomes acute, according to intimations by Entente diplomats here. Confronted by a disorganized and nearly prostrate Russia, the Entente nations have prepared for the eventuality of Russia's defection from the alliance.

The Allies are believed to be looking towards Japan for measures calculated to neutralize the effect of a separate peace by Russia. Japan has remained silent and mysterious so far as the war at large is concerned, but it is believed that it will pursue in the event of the visit of such a catastrophe upon the Russian nation.

It has been rumored that in order to prevent Germany from receiving the inevitable commander's reward, withdrawal would occasion if Russia should be permitted to remain neutral, the Japanese would suggest to Japan which are said to be:

(1.) The launching of the Japanese army through Russia against Germany, Japan taking advantage of both the German-Japanese alliance and Anglo-Japanese alliance.

(2.) An attack by Japan upon Russia, dispossessing Russia of Japan's reward of the Russian sphere in Northern Manchuria, and harvesting the Russian resources.

The mere suggestion of these possible contingencies, it was thought, would cause Russia to pause and consider the dangers which would arise from a rupture with Japan.

Charges of treason, a capital offense, were filed today against three men who, with several others, were arrested during the day in connection with anti-registration plotting in Columbus. Each pleaded not guilty and was held under \$10,000 bond to await preliminary hearing Saturday. A federal grand jury will be assembled Tuesday to investigate the arrests.

Those charged with treason are: Ammon A. Hennacy, aged 24, a cly's residence.

Welcomed.

### NOTE OF PEACE SOUNDED BY AUSTRIAN EMPEROR.

**BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.**

AMSTERDAM, May 31 (By London, June 1.)—The opening of the Reichstag in the Grand Hall of Ceremonies in the Imperial Hofburg at Vienna today was solemn and brilliant. Numerous deputations appeared in picturesque national costumes, which, with the gold-braided court uniforms, gave the scene a unique appearance. The Emperor and Empress, accompanied by the Archduke and Archduchess, arrived at the Hofburg at 10:30 a.m. The Emperor, dressed in a dark suit, was greeted by the Archduke and Archduchess, who were dressed in light-colored dresses. The Emperor then addressed the Reichstag, which was composed of members of the Austrian and Hungarian parliaments. He spoke for about an hour, and his speech was characterized by a tone of peace and reconciliation. He declared that Austria and Hungary were ready to make peace with the Allies, and that they were willing to evacuate the occupied territory without the expenditure of another drop of Russian blood.

He declared that Germany and Austria in no wise menaced Russia's new freedom. He accuses England of being the real militarist state, not Germany, and declares that Russia has no moral obligation to keep her treaty with the Allies, because treaty breaking has been common in the present war.

### ELIGIBLE CONSCRIPTS HALTED AT THE BORDER.

**Serious Charges Against Citizens Who Try to Evade the Law.**

**(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)**

WASHINGTON, May 31.—While the legal machinery of the government was operating today to stamp out agitation against the draft, the War Department took up another phase of the matter dealing with the status of American-born citizens in foreign countries.

Secretary Baker, called upon by Brig.-Gen. Crowder, Judge Advocate-General and Provost-Marshal-General of the Army, for an opinion as to the effect of the new law upon Americans of military age residing abroad, Department officials generally have presumed that the privilege of citizenship would carry with them a duty for military service not affected by foreign residence, but no formal ruling will be made until the opinion of Gen. Crowder has been received. The question involves to some degree the specific terms of the extradition treaties between the United States and other countries.

Many Americans of military age now abroad have been eager to enroll. Registration cards have been furnished to every American embassy, legation or consulate and diplomatic and consular officials have been authorized to act as registration agents.

Meantime, the Department of Justice is proceeding on the theory that the departing from American soil of any citizen subject to the draft is an evasion of the law. Steps already have been taken to prevent such departures and attempts at this form of evasion will be met by vigorous measures.

Department officials also will back up the efforts of local officials in the various communities to put a quick end to agitation against the draft. Arrests made during the day throughout the country were in accordance with instructions sent from Washington.

BAKER'S STATEMENT.  
 Discussing reports that many young men were leaving the country to avoid military service, Secretary Baker said today he did not believe "any substantial number of Americans would take that course. He added that the law was of such vigor that it would be found that any evasion of the law in this way was only temporary."

Registration officials throughout the country were informed today that answers would not be required to the question on the registration cards as to whether the individual claims exemption and on what ground. The department has concluded that no man should be required to claim exemption. There are no men who do not claim exemption and under the new ruling none will be required to state his position until he is summoned for actual service and comes up before an exemption board.

By ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.  
 ST. LOUIS, May 31.—The property damage of Wednesday's storm will run into millions. Houses were twisted to pieces and scattered. Live stock on hundreds of farms were killed by flying debris; fences were flattened and telegraph and telephone wire connections were destroyed.

Hay accompanied the powerful wind, and stones as big as hen's eggs fell at some points. The damage done to crops by hail was enormous.

Mineral Point, in Washington county, which was virtually wiped out, took on the appearance of a military camp when hundreds of tents were erected to shelter the homeless refugees. Three hundred and fifty inhabitants of the village lost almost all of their personal belongings.

Surrounding towns have contributed food and clothing to the homeless, and relief work is said to be progressing rapidly. Two carloads of food were sent south from St. Louis and several relief funds were started which had collected about \$3500 by midnight.

### METEOR ALARMS POPULACE.

**(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)**

SIoux FALLS (S. D.) May 31.—Southeastern South Dakota and adjoining parts of Minnesota and Iowa witnessed at 9:55 tonight the most striking meteoric display in thirty years, when a dazzling ball of fire traversed almost the complete arc of the sky, bursting near the horizon with a loud report. Regions thickly settled by foreigners reported much fright among their population, some believing it an attack by hostile aircraft.

OMAHA (Nebr.) May 31.—Omaha and vicinity was illuminated for a brief period tonight by a meteor which appeared in the sky north of here, traveling in a western direction.

### Later Dispatches

**With fresh news marked "30"**

**Force of Habit.**

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
 NEW YORK, May 31.—Ignorant of the fact that the time allowed them in which to obtain barred-zone permits had been extended until June 9, approximately 6000 aliens appeared today at the office of United States Marshal McCarthy. They jammed the corridors, and the deputies were having their hands full attempting to preserve order when an elderly visitor, who introduced himself as Siegfried Aal, a former officer of the First Bavarian Cavalry, tendered his assistance. He was himself a citizen and needed no permit.

"What can you do?" the Marshal asked.  
 "Watch me," said the ex-officer. "Most of these men have been soldiers. I'll show you how we'd handle them in Germany." Turning to the struggling crowd, he shouted a few words of command in his native tongue. Instantly the Germans drew together in military fashion, four abreast, chests thrown out, their hands at their sides.

"Vorwaerts!" shouted the officer, and in perfect step the throng tramped down the long hall to courtrooms where a staff of volunteer clerks were waiting to make out their application blanks. Here more commands broke them into squads and distributed them in their proper places.

Until the Marshal's office closed, Aal remained on duty.

### GORKY REBUFS PEACE OFFER.

**(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)**

PETROGRAD (via London) June 1.—Maxim Gorky, the noted Russian author, publishes a sensational account of an attempt by D. Rizov, the Bulgarian Minister at Berlin, to inveigle him into clandestine negotiations for a separate peace, which he refused. The peace proposal, Gorky declares, was delivered to him in Petrograd in duplicate by two German agents, acting individually.

In the Novaya Zhizn, of which Gorky is the editor, he prints Rizov's secret dispatches, occupying three columns, with concrete peace proposals, and although he himself is an almost fanatical advocate of peace, denounces Rizov.

Rizov begins by proclaiming that already in January he had approached the Russian Ministers at Stockholm and Christiania with a proposal to conclude "an honorable peace" between Russia and her foes. He received a rebuff. Immediately after the revolution Rizov renewed his attempt with the Russian Minister at Christiania, who was an old acquaintance, and obtained, through the Minister, a reply from Prof. Paul Milinkoff, then the Foreign Minister in the temporary government, that there could be no question of a separate peace.

Notwithstanding his repulse, Rizov, representing himself as Russia's real friend, now approached his acquaintance, Maxim Gorky. He attempted to refute successively the arguments customarily used by the Russians and the Allies against a separate peace. He offered to guarantee that Germany and Austria will not again undertake an offensive against free Russia and adds that both powers are willing to evacuate the occupied territory without the expenditure of another drop of Russian blood.

He declares that Germany and Austria in no wise menaced Russia's new freedom. He accuses England of being the real militarist state, not Germany, and declares that Russia has no moral obligation to keep her treaty with the Allies, because treaty breaking has been common in the present war.

STORM DAMAGE IN MILLIONS.  
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### NO JAP TROOPS FOR RUSSIA.

**(BY PACIFIC CABLE AND A. P.)**

TOKIO, May 31.—The Foreign Office has informed the Associated Press that there is no truth in the report that Japan was to dispatch troops to Russia to reinforce the Russian army. It is stated that Russia does not need men, but munitions and supplies.

In reply to a question as to whether the Japanese naval forces in the Mediterranean would be strengthened, it was said that it would be premature to discuss that, but that, generally speaking, Japan would do everything in her power to co-operate with the Allies.



# The Liberties of the Greek People Asserted Crushed by the Allies' Cannon and Gold

## Kingdom Is Declared Despoiled by Entente.

### Charges of Crimes Mocking Democracy Made at Long Beach.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

NEW YORK, May 31.—Allegation that the Greek government is a puppet of the Entente Allies, and the introduction of a resolution calling for a fresh statement of the war aims of the Entente Allies, resulted in a spirited discussion among delegates attending today's sessions of the national conference on the foreign relations of the United States at Long Beach. The delegates also were stirred by vigorous addresses dealing with the Irish and the Japanese questions.

The speaker charged with being a propagandist was Paxton Hibben, a writer, and until recently a newspaper correspondent in Greece, who told the conference he knew personally King Constantine's sympathies were not with the Germans and who assailed the "Greek revolution" as a "handful of states politicians."

"These politicians have set up a self-styled republicanism of government in rebellion against the constitutional government of Greece," he said. "Representative democracy, the Greek people, but they represent the interests of several great powers. Therefore, they are protected, financed and it is possible they may be officially recognized by the great powers whose interests they serve. The Greeks of constitutional Greece are coerced, starved, and their territory is seized by force by foreign powers. We, who fight for democracy, stand by and see this done because it is done in the name of a republic."

"The Greeks have the right to decide whether they wish to enter the war. It took two years and a half to do it."

"The revolutionary forces in Greece are so far from representing the consent of the government that the revolution could not last a week were it not for the support of foreign cannon and the foreign money which has been poured into the coffers of the revolutionists by our allies. Ninety per cent. of the people of Greece support the constitutional government."

**CHARGE IS ABANDONED.**  
The next speaker, Theodore Roosevelt, of international law at George Washington University, declared that Hibben was engaged in propaganda for the Greek government, and that he was receiving \$500 a month for his services. He added that he had in his pocket papers which would show the action. He then launched into a defense of the Venizelos faction and assailed the monarchy for its actions during the war.

At the close of the address the chairman, F. R. Agnew, of Columbia University, said that Hibben should be given an opportunity to make a statement. Hibben, in response, told the conference he would make the same charge the speaker who made the charge.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

## CALIFORNIANS, BUY WAR BONDS; STEPHENS SAYS.

SACRAMENTO, May 31.—The Governor today issued the following proclamation:  
We must remember that in this war for freedom and democracy money must be freely supplied to the government. Every man, woman and child should take as personal the appeal for subscriptions to the Liberty Loan. In the few remaining days of the month of May, the Government is making a special appeal for the purchase of Liberty Bonds.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

## FRANCE WARNED AGAINST STOCKHOLM CONFERENCE.

PARIS, May 31, 5:30 p.m.—The decision of the National Council of the French Socialist party to send delegates to the coming Socialist conference at Stockholm is condemned by the Temps, which declares in an article today that the route to Stockholm is the route to a diplomatic Sedan. France cannot permit the delegates to risk in this adventure, its prestige and morale. It owes it to itself to disavow them. In time of war, when it is a question of saving French lives and liberating French territory, a people should not be too tolerant.

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE.]

## FLORIDA COAST SEARCHED FOR ESCAPING SLACKERS.

JACKSONVILLE (Fla.) May 31.—Sheriffs along the Florida coast today maintained close watch for slackers who might attempt to leave the State for foreign shores by launch or steamer to escape registration. Under instructions from Gov. Catta, who says he has information that not a few draft subjects have already left for Cuba, the sheriffs will from now until next Tuesday detain any person within limits suspected of trying to escape. **GOVERNMENT BARS UP.**  
WASHINGTON, May 31.—It was announced today that steps had been taken to prevent men subject to military registration from leaving the country before June 1. The department of Justice officials said every effort was being made to prevent evasion of the law by leaving the country.

## Plots.

(Continued from First Page.)

all points in their petition and their attorney, J. D. Shearer, was obtaining a certified appeal petition when secret service agents arrested them. Rapidly the Federal authorities arrested five others, two of whom were later released. Of the three others held, one was Moore's wife. She was Miss Leonora Warnson, the public school teacher who came into conflict with school board authorities here recently after she had written anti-entente notices on the blackboard of her schoolroom. The other two were Elias Lubosky, a photographer, and J. D. Klein, a draftsman of Corder, Mo. They were arraigned and remanded to jail in default of bonds of \$1000 each.

**TOPEKA ARRESTS.**  
The four arrested at Topeka were Dr. Eva Harding of that city, who ran for Congress as an independent candidate at the election; the Gilgert, Fred Felten and Ernest Newman. They were taken into custody in connection with the investigation of an alleged anti-entente meeting held at Topeka Sunday night.

The five held here were charged specifically with having distributed circulars urging non-compliance with the draft registration, with the circulation of public meeting adverse to conscription and with having written letters advising persons to desert or to refuse to register and to enroll under non-commissioned status.

**SOCIALIST HELD.**  
TOPEKA (Kan.) May 31.—George W. Kelleberg, Socialist candidate for Governor of Kansas in 1914, was arrested at Lawrence tonight by local officers on a Federal warrant charging conspiracy in connection with the anti-draft agitation. He was brought to Topeka for a preliminary hearing. The warrant charged that he was taken into custody as soon as he could be located, Federal District Attorney Robertson stated.

**Nothing to Hide.**

## ENLIGHTENED RUSSIA, BRITISH MISSION.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

PARIS IS REPRESENTATIVE OF ALL CLASSES.

Will Inform the Slaves About Germany's Maneuvers at this Juncture to Distort the Predatory Objects She Had Enforcing War on Peaceful Neighbors.

Miss Jane Addams of Chicago spoke as a factor in international adjustments and suggested that one result of the war would be a world organization of some sort which could regulate the world's supply of foods with regard to the needs of the various countries.

Henry L. Mussey, professor of economics at Columbia University, said that the United States should never have any trouble with the far eastern nations if it "abandoned the question of State discrimination against the Japanese."

**FOR RACIAL CONFERENCE.**  
Several speakers endorsed a proposal that the United States, China and Japan send delegates to a joint conference to discuss the racial problem. The speaker charged with being a propagandist was Paxton Hibben, a writer, and until recently a newspaper correspondent in Greece, who told the conference he knew personally King Constantine's sympathies were not with the Germans and who assailed the "Greek revolution" as a "handful of states politicians."

"These politicians have set up a self-styled republicanism of government in rebellion against the constitutional government of Greece," he said. "Representative democracy, the Greek people, but they represent the interests of several great powers. Therefore, they are protected, financed and it is possible they may be officially recognized by the great powers whose interests they serve. The Greeks of constitutional Greece are coerced, starved, and their territory is seized by force by foreign powers. We, who fight for democracy, stand by and see this done because it is done in the name of a republic."

"The Greeks have the right to decide whether they wish to enter the war. It took two years and a half to do it."

"The revolutionary forces in Greece are so far from representing the consent of the government that the revolution could not last a week were it not for the support of foreign cannon and the foreign money which has been poured into the coffers of the revolutionists by our allies. Ninety per cent. of the people of Greece support the constitutional government."

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## WORKS SCORES ENTRY IN WAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

"We Dishonored Ourselves," He Wires to Pacifists.

Speakers Criticise Government and Conscription.

Committee Urges Abolition of Secret Diplomacy.

NEW YORK, May 31.—A report of its "Committee on American Liberties," which pledged support to all "conscientious objectors" to the conscription law, and a telegram from former United States Senator John D. Works of California, in which he said "we dishonored ourselves" by declaring war without adequate or reasonable cause, were features of the afternoon session here today of the so-called first American conference on democracy and terms of peace.

Several speakers severely criticized the government, one declaring that "within the last sixty days we have completely transformed our government, and the people have had nothing to say about it, so far have they been removed from control of their government. The same has been done in Germany, where the President, Gilbert E. Rose, president of the Free Speech League of America, declared that 'somewhere along the line the government has been taken over by a few men who have a chance to express themselves.'"

Thomas A. Thomas, addressing the meeting on "conscription and the conscientious objector," charged that the attempt to force a man to fight is worse than the position of chattel slavery.

**THOMAS'S CHARGE.**  
"We must suppose the enactment of such legislation," he declared, "or all our hopes of both democracy and peace are made a mockery. Such measures of conscription are not adequate or reasonable. They involve dangers too little considered by the public, and a campaign of education looking toward the repeal of the law will be of great public service, even though such repeal is impossible in the midst of the war."

**WORKS'S TELEGRAM.**  
Former Senator Works, in his telegram, said in part:  
"I am a conscientious objector to the war and in favor of bringing it to a speedy close by any and every legitimate way consistent with the honor of our country. We dishonored ourselves by declaring war without adequate or reasonable cause. We should do the country the honor of correcting that fatal mistake as soon as possible."

"The people of this country do not want war. If the issue had been left to them we would be at peace today. Arguments for the war against their will, they should stand firmly for peace and use every proper means to bring about peace. It is the duty of the government to facilitate the journey to Russia of the representatives of the peace movement. Among these are factions with a very small following who lately have not been even mentioned in the vigorous prosecution of the war."

The British government has nothing to hide. They entered the war in defense of the rights of all nations and democracies. Freedom and justice are the only goals worth fighting for. The Allies who were in a state of total unpreparedness and now they are in a very different position. They cannot allow Germany to profit by the sales wrested from them unscrupulously and in defiance of the law.

"Desiring, therefore, the fullest investigation, and having nothing to conceal, the government gladly allows all sections of the public to advance their views. These delegates, including Messrs. Robert MacDonnell and John J. McLaughlin, further inform the Russian people how we were driven into the war by the German government's additional light on Germany's maneuvers at this juncture to distort the predatory objects she had in forcing war on peaceful neighbors."

**REGENCY FOR POLAND STILL IN ABEYANCE.**  
COPENHAGEN, May 31 (via London, 3:33 p.m.)—The Lokal Anzeiger is quoted in a Berlin dispatch as stating that the German government has decided against the appointment of a regent for Poland at the present time. It is proposed, however, to increase the powers of the provisional council of state, the newspaper says, and that an immediate institution of the regency was imperative.

The Lokal Anzeiger's statement was quoted in the Copenhagen report that the council of state had resigned.

**TO RELEASE MANY FINNISH PRISONERS.**  
HELSINKI, May 31 (via London, 3:33 p.m.)—The provisional government, on the proposal of the Finnish Senate, has proclaimed the complete or partial remission of sentences pronounced on Finnish citizens for crimes or offenses committed prior to March 20, 1917.

The government has also decreed repressive measures against the abuse of alcohol. Persons getting drunk or committing offenses in public places are liable to eighteen months' imprisonment. Persons while drunk committing robberies, acts of violence or other offenses, will be liable to penal servitude for six or eight years.

**AMERICAN STEAMER IS TORPEDOED.**  
BALTIMORE, May 31.—The Johnson line steamer Jessmore, which sailed from this port May 4 for Liverpool, has been torpedoed and sunk, Robert Ramsey & Co., agents of the line, announced here today. Capt. Hignett and all hands were saved.

The Jessmore registered 3211 tons gross.

## Prisoners, we should follow the lead of our own people.

Dr. Magnes pointed out that the organizers of the conference had resolved that proposed adoption of any action contrary to the will of the people would be declared out of order, but that they regarded as "perfectly within the scope of the all-discussions as to the wisdom and wisdom of existing laws."

Kiefer advised appeal to the courts "as the first duty of a patriotic citizen who has been drafted."

**AS TO CONSCRIPTION.**  
The "conscription act," he said, "is both immoral and unconstitutional. It violates the prohibition against involuntary servitude. Not even the hair-splitting plea can be urged that the act is necessary for the defense of the country. The Thirteenth Amendment does not forbid national defense, sending conscripts to the front, or the national defense, but mixing in the quarrels of outside nations, and if, as is suggested, conscripts can be compelled to have at war, regardless of the present case that the United States was at war because of certain persons with authority to declare war, then we shall endeavor to show them the error of their ways."

"We have been told that this is a war for democracy," he continued. "Well, democracy is a thing that cannot be won without war. Russia, Germany, and the United States are all fighting for a victory over Germany to do so. She simply sent him away. We shall endeavor to show them the error of their ways."

**QUOTES FROM THE SPEAKERS.**  
The first thing that democracy must win is the right against conscription and against war without consent of the people. The position of the speaker's proclamation as saying it is to be "in no sense a conscription of the people, but a conscription of the people's will."

Kiefer's address was unanimously adopted with cheers as the sense of the meeting.

**ASK STATEMENT OF OUR WAR AIMS.**  
The board today took up the question of asking the country to substitute for some of its customary foods other foods, such as vegetables, which are particularly plentiful at this season.

The conservation of young vital will be urged by the board as a result of today's conference with the cattleman, with a view to saving the young calves and utilizing the best supply of the country.

The Chamber of Commerce of the United States has urged the government to take steps to conserve the food supply. The chamber will take some action urging national support of the legislative measures looking toward food conservation.

**AGAINST HOARDING.**  
WASHINGTON, May 31.—Hoarding, storage or destruction of food or other necessities of life to limit supply or affect prices would be a felony under an amendment to the government's first food bill, introduced in the Senate today without a record vote.

Several senators protested that the bill was too drastic and that it would prevent legitimate storing to equalize markets, but all efforts to modify it failed.

Violations of the section would be punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than six months nor more than three years. Holding by farmers or others of the products of land cultivated by them in excess of the amount needed for their own consumption would be a violation of the law.

Consideration of the administration bill which provides for a food survey and stimulation of production of the final stage today, but the introduction of a number of amendments shortly before adjournment will prevent a final vote before Saturday.

An amendment which would authorize the Secretary of Commerce to take steps to promote more general use of fish to relieve the food shortage was offered by Senator Fletcher. It is probable that the amendment will be discussed again tomorrow.

**TRY TO FACILITATE CROP HARVESTING.**  
BOSTON, May 31.—Immigration Commissioner Henry Skeffington said today he had been appointed by the Department of Labor to make a trip through the Middle West to see what could be done to facilitate harvesting of crops during the coming season. The department plans, according to Mr. Skeffington, to obtain the co-operation of mills and factories in the large food producing States in closing down during the harvesting season to release employees for farm service.

**REGULATE MEAT SALES IN BRITAIN.**  
LONDON, May 31, 9:15 p.m.—Lord Parnborough, the food controller, has issued an elaborate order regulating the sale and price of meat, including live animals. The order prohibits speculative resales, eliminates jobbing and speculation, and stipulates what profits shall be permitted to retailers above the cost of the carcasses.

**WILSON SUBSCRIBES TO LIBERTY BONDS.**  
WASHINGTON, May 31.—President Wilson today joined the ranks of participants in the Liberty Loan by subscribing for a \$10,000 bond.

The President's secretary, Mr. McAdoo, said that he had not seen the President since he had left the White House yesterday.

**TO SLEEP WELL.**  
The Boston Globe and Phoenix, after a long and hard day, today before retiring, said that the President had a good night's sleep.

## AMERICA WILL BE FED FIRST.

(Continued from First Page.)

Home Needs to be Hoover's Big Consideration.

Experts Now Preparing Diet Recommendations.

Substitution of Vegetables to Conserve Cereals.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE TIMES, May 31.—"Feed America first" will be one of the slogans of the food administration to be managed by Herbert C. Hoover when Congress grants authority for his official appointment.

Mr. Hoover, who is engaged in tentatively marshaling food resources preparatory for the government's food campaign, declared today that there could be no hope of conducting a successful food conservation campaign if it were not for the fact that America will be taken care of first.

"We want Americans to eat plenty, but to eat wisely," said Mr. Hoover. "We shall see to it that the people at home get all they need for their comfort and welfare, and we shall endeavor to show them how to eat wisely so that we also may be able to help feed the people of the nations allied with us in the war against Germany."

Experts are preparing some diet recommendations to be suggested to the public, and to point a way of utilizing the fresh vegetable crop to advantage.

**STOCKMEN CO-OPERATE.**  
Representatives of the National Cattlemen's Association of the United States conferred with Mr. Hoover today and assured him that they will work for and endorse the public recommendations designed to regulate the country's food supply. Col. I. T. Pryor of Texas, president of the association, said the stockmen are now working to increase the supply of the country's food supply.

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**TO SLEEP WELL.**  
The Boston Globe and Phoenix, after a long and hard day, today before retiring, said that the President had a good night's sleep.

## Paves Way for Root.

(Continued from First Page.)

Indemnity the President regards not only as just, but as necessary. If the law is ever to be made safe for democracy from an autocracy which disregards all laws of nations.

The note to Russia is declared to reiterate that the United States seeks "no indemnities for ourselves," but that the material compensation for the sacrifices we shall freely make "but to indicate in unmistakable terms that there must be indemnities for innocent nations laid in ruin."

The note also discusses the subject of annexations, and while adhering to the declaration that the United States desires "no conquest, no dominion," holds, nevertheless, that "backed by the power of the United States, we shall not therefore oppose, for example, the reunion of Alsace-Lorraine and France."

**ANARCHISTS IN MEETING.**  
BOLDERS CHEER KERENSKY.  
[BY ATLANTIC CABLE.—REUTERS WIRE.—EXCERPT.]  
PETERSBURG, May 31.—There was an outpouring of anarchists and communists near the Nikolaevsky station yesterday, the occasion being the arrival of the body of their comrade, Laskov.

The crowds, which came in scattered bands to the meeting place, carried in their hands the black flag of the anarchists. Soldiers mingled with the throng and began to make these flags away from the anarchists, and the district commissary proposed to them that they disband.

They refused to do so, protesting that his action was illegal. At that moment a group of Cossack Cossacks came out of the station and began to quiet the increased crowd, turning them back in the direction of the Moscow gates, while soldiers walking at the heels of the throng tried to disperse them. Two anarchists were arrested, but were released on identification.

At the opening of the meeting at Odessa, which was attended by hundreds of thousands of people, the delegates of the sixth army greeted the new Minister with these words:

"We who are tortured and hungry welcome you. The army will advance to the attack under any conditions. We wish to show we are not revolted slaves, but free and conscious citizens."

Eighteen of the largest metalurgical works in Southern Russia have offered to give \$75,000,000 out of their profits to the workers, and the workers have agreed to be satisfied, demanding \$240,000,000.

The working weeks since the outbreak of the revolution have advanced by 160 to 200 per cent. In Petrograd, the soldiers have refused to clean the streets, claiming that this work is not a part of their duties. The physicians say the city is threatened with serious epidemic. Attempts to clean the streets and laundry workers have struck. The food shortage is being followed by the closing down of factories and it is feared disturbances among the working classes will follow soon.

The monks have been mobilized for ambulance work, and the complaints from the soldiers over their inactivity.

**USE OF SHIN PLASTER POPULAR IN RUSSIA.**  
[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]  
PETERSBURG, May 31 (via London, 1:55 p.m.)—The Provisional government today approved the use of temporary Finance Minister Tseretzkis to raise \$2,000,000 in rubles and take steps for the treasury "the supply of money which is already in such a state of emergency."

The Provisional government's approval of the measure was unanimous.

**SALE OF CONFEDERATE FLAGS IS DENOUNCED.**  
[BY DIRECT WIRE.—EXCERPT DISPATCH.]  
DECATUR (Ill.) May 31.—Recent sales of Confederate flags by Chicago stores are characterized by a letter of protest sent to Chicago G. A. R. posts by Illinois Department Commander W. R. Calhoun "as an insult to the 410,000 dead Union veterans still living to the hundreds of thousands of soldiers who survived the Civil War and have since died, to nearly 100,000 of whom the last full measure of devotion to our country upon the sanguinary battle fields."

"These sales have the appearance of having been worked up primarily by the marplots of the Kaiser in the hope of fomenting discord among our people."

**Edison Magic**  
Of all the wonders that Thomas A. Edison has performed, the one most important to art and the one that many persons find most peculiar is the bringing of the Phonograph to the degree of perfection reached in

**The Edison Diamond Disc Phonograph**  
When critical audiences admit that they cannot distinguish between the artist and the machine—between the song as rendered by the human voice and the same song re-created by the Phonograph—there does not seem to be much room for further improvement in the latter.

You can hear the New Edison here at any time. We carry all models in stock. Send us this coupon for information and literature:

THIS WILLY B. ALLEN CO., Los Angeles, will send me information regarding the Edison Phonograph and your "Easy Way to Phonograph."

416-418 South Broadway.

**The Willy B. Allen Co.**

There are also in Oakland, Sacramento, San Francisco, San Diego, etc.

## WAR MACHINE NEVER RESTS.

(Continued from First Page.)

Amazing Shell Expenditure in Artillery Duels.

Germans Watch British Cat-like Alertness.

To Show no Mercy to Enemy is Belief in Trenches.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]  
FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.  
FRANCE (via London) May 31.—While completely quiet conditions reigned along most of the front, the war is far from still. That great machine has not stopped for a moment. The fighting forces continue to move with never-resting energy. Artillery duels break out by night and along the various sectors of the front. There passes now unnoticed expenditure of shells which two weeks ago would have been regarded as the most marvelous. The game of modern warfare is a progressive one, and the miracle today becomes the commonplace tomorrow.

The infantry activity lately has been confined wholly to raids and minor local attacks. These are conducted mainly for the purpose of keeping in touch with the movements and intentions of the British and Germans have been present in the night. The trench-marauding expeditions, the Germans appear daily to be more nervous and worried by the slightest alarm during the night. The British are watching the German movements and are taking advantage of any opportunity to strike. The British are watching the German movements and are taking advantage of any opportunity to strike.

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## War Machine NEVER RESTS

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To Show no Mercy to English is Belief in Trenches.

AT ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P. J. FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

FRANCE (via London) May 31.—While comparative quiet continued to reign along most of the western front, the war is far from standing still. The great machine behind the fighting forces continues to move with ever-increasing energy.

Artillery duels break out by day and by night along the various sectors of the long battle line, and there is no cessation of the expenditure of shells which two great powers would have regarded as little short of marvelous. But the most remarkable feature of the war is the fact that the machine of war is becoming more and more efficient.

The infantry activity lately has been confined wholly to raids of minor local attacks. These are conducted mainly for the purpose of keeping in touch with the enemy's movements and intentions. The British and Germans have adopted these tactics, and the few hours of darkness lately are filled with trench-raiding expeditions.

The Germans appear daily to grow more nervous and worried by the present lull. They are watching the British and are waiting for the slightest alarm during the night to send their guns going and many defenseless positions in front of the British lines. Some of their airplanes also are taking desperate chances in flying over the line endeavoring to keep in touch with any important movement.

WIRELESS PROPAGANDA.

The German government continues to use the air with wireless propaganda against the British, virtually ignoring all the other allies, including the United States. The French version in the French district of the Emperor William's recent speech is to the effect that no British prisoner should be taken; that the Germans should hate all the English and if they could not avoid taking some prisoners they were to treat them with the greatest severity.

Emperor William was at Verdun at Tournai May 23, and made speeches at both places.

USE OF SHIN PLASTERS POPULAR IN RUSSIA.

AT ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P. J. PETROGRAD, May 31.—(via London 1:15 p.m.)—The provisional government today approved the proposal of temporary Finance Minister Tseretkeli to raise 2,000,000 rubles and take steps for securing the treasury "the supply of paper money which already has become indispensable."

In a recent agency announcement, the government's approval of the measure was unanimous.

Chamberlain's Colle and Diarrhoea.

Mrs. Charles Palmer, of the Chamberlain's Colle and Diarrhoea, has never failed to give her prompt relief. From her own country she has sent a letter to her friends and neighbors. "I know I will do all that is claimed for it," she writes.

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## FRIDAY MORNING.

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Emperor William was at Verdun at Tournai May 23, and made speeches at both places.

USE OF SHIN PLASTERS POPULAR IN RUSSIA.

AT ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P. J. PETROGRAD, May 31.—(via London 1:15 p.m.)—The provisional government today approved the proposal of temporary Finance Minister Tseretkeli to raise 2,000,000 rubles and take steps for securing the treasury "the supply of paper money which already has become indispensable."

In a recent agency announcement, the government's approval of the measure was unanimous.

Chamberlain's Colle and Diarrhoea.

Mrs. Charles Palmer, of the Chamberlain's Colle and Diarrhoea, has never failed to give her prompt relief. From her own country she has sent a letter to her friends and neighbors. "I know I will do all that is claimed for it," she writes.

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**Refined Linen**

[illegible]



## THINGS ON WHEELS—

Automobiles, Trucks, Buses, etc.  
For Sale, Exchange, Wanted, etc.  
See Classified Advertisements.

## FOR SALE, EXCHANGE, WANTED, ETC.

FOR SALE—A 1914 Ford car, 24 hp, 2 door, black, in excellent condition, with new tires, for sale at \$1,200.00. Call at 1234 Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—A 1915 Ford car, 24 hp, 2 door, black, in excellent condition, with new tires, for sale at \$1,300.00. Call at 1234 Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—A 1916 Ford car, 24 hp, 2 door, black, in excellent condition, with new tires, for sale at \$1,400.00. Call at 1234 Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

## LIVE STOCK FOR SALE.

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## TRADE BUILDING

## IN FRANCE.

## ADOPTING GERMAN METHODS

## IN BUSINESS WAR.

The Government is Encouraging Agriculture and the Manufacture of Goods Heretofore Obtained from Germany, Thus Making Work for Many.

[Paris letter in Minneapolis Journal.] Although they don't like you to say so, the French are taking a leaf out of Germany's book in preparing for the commercial war tomorrow. Many of their recent steps might be considered mere imitations of German methods, such as the effort to minimize their cotton importation by the cultivation of typha, a plant flourishing in wet and marshy ground and furnishing cellulose in the same quantity as cotton.

Figures for the importation of cotton since the beginning of the war are not obtainable—they would give too accurate knowledge to the enemy—but in 1913 France imported 263,255 tons of cotton, which amounted to almost \$100,000,000.

Since the war experiments have been tried with the typha pod, which has given satisfaction both in nitrates for explosives and in fiber material. It is said to require an average of nine types which furnish everything from coarse jute to finest cotton.

As typha flourishes in waste and uncultivated lands, its production would be pure gain. Germany says it has raised this year 2,500,000 tons, which yields 250,000 tons of the manufactured product.

The state is experimenting and hopes to begin a generous cultivation next season.

What is being done, however, in France is to encourage an increased production of wheat and barley. The government gives a bonus of 60 cents on the output of wheat every year.

The wheat harvest in France is equal to that of Argentina and Canada put together.

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## WIDE AWAKE

## RUSSIA'S SAVAGE RACES.

## War Brings to Petrograd Half-forgotten Tribes.

## [A. P. FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.]

PETROGRAD, April 17.—The war has brought into Petrograd, for the first time in their existence, some of the obscure half-forgotten races which inhabit the Trans-Caspian region, the frozen reaches of the North, and other remote provinces of the Russian Empire. Most of these savage peoples are as far removed from civilization as their ancestors of 1000 years ago and, though nominally belonging to Russia, have enjoyed none of the privileges of government protection conferred upon the other foreign races which occupy regions in the central portion of the empire.

Appeals are now being made to the government to take all possible measures to preserve and protect these tribes, who are fast becoming extinct, leaving some of the most fertile and richest parts of Russia unpopulated and neglected.

Among these races are the Votvaks, Tungus and the Samoyeds all of which occupy lands rich in varied produce and which contribute considerably to the resources of the country. It is argued that if no precautions are taken to prevent the extinction of these races which is being hastened by security and disease, lands which they occupy will become uninhabited and Russia will lose a source of considerable revenue.

Since the war experiments have been tried with the typha pod, which has given satisfaction both in nitrates for explosives and in fiber material. It is said to require an average of nine types which furnish everything from coarse jute to finest cotton.

As typha flourishes in waste and uncultivated lands, its production would be pure gain. Germany says it has raised this year 2,500,000 tons, which yields 250,000 tons of the manufactured product.

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## FACTS FOR 'GENERAL PUBLIC

## IN DOUBT ON REGISTRATION.

## [BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Gen. Crowder appealed to the press today to give prominent place to an outline of the essential facts in regard to the registration process. The statement outlines the facts for which publicity of the widest sort is desired as follows:

Who Must Register: All male persons (citizens or aliens) born between the sixth day of June, 1896, and the fifth day of June, 1896, both dates inclusive, except members of any duly organized force, military or naval, subject to be called, ordered or drafted into military or naval service of the United States, including all officers and enlisted men of the regular army, regular army reserve, Officers' Reserve Corps, Enlisted Men's Reserve Corps, National Guard, National Guard reserves recognized by

When: On Tuesday, June 5, 1917, between 7 a.m. and 9 p.m.

Where: In your home precinct.

How: Go in person June 5 to the registration place of your home precinct. If you expect to be absent from home June 5 go at once to the clerk of the county where you now happen to be, or, if in a city of 50,000 or over, to the City Clerk and follow his instructions. If sick, send a competent friend. The clerk may deputize him to prepare your card.

Penalty for Not Registering: Liability to a year's imprisonment, then enforced registration.

Jointed.

## ADMINISTRATION LOSES

## FIGHT FOR CENSORSHIP.

## House Refuses to Vote of 184 to 144 to Accept Modified Provision and Leaders Do Not Expect Any Further Effort by President's Supporters to Enact Similar Legislation in Immediate Future.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The administration's fight for a war censorship on newspapers was lost in Congress today, at least for the present, when the House refused by a vote of 184 to 144 to accept even the modified censorship section written into the espionage bill in conference.

The use in the House came on a motion to recommit the espionage bill with instructions that the censorship regulation be eliminated. Despite a determined effort of Democratic managers to line up the party strength behind President Wilson's demand for censorship, thirty-seven Republicans voted for the motion to recommit the bill.

This includes both meat for the table and eggs. Very few farmers practice a systematic plan of disposal of their fowls. They are raised for the table and then sold to the market.

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FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1917.—PART II: 10 PAGES.

POPULATION 1,000,000 (1910) 1,200,000 (1920)

VITAL RECORD.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE following marriage licenses were issued: ...

XXXVTH YEAR

TO NIP IN THE BUD ANY POSSIBLE DRAFT RIOTS.

Extraordinary Precautions Taken by the Police for Next Tuesday.

PERSISTENT reports to the effect that anti-conscriptionists are actively engaged in sowing ...

MAY BE FIRST BRIDE OF JUNE.

Girl will Wed Official of an Auto Company at Six this Morning.

Miss Rena Hendrickson of No. 448 North Harvard boulevard hopes to be the first June bride of the year, when she marries Fred H. Schreiner of No. 413 North Oxford street at 6 o'clock this morning.

THROWS WEIGHT AGAINST BONDS.

Improvement Federation Unit on Power Question.

Declares There is No Reason for Proposed Issue.

Action is Result of Recent Inspection of Aqueduct.

Opponents of the proposed \$2,000,000 in power bonds received a powerful ally yesterday when the Federated Improvement Association of Los Angeles through its president, Henry M. Lannan, went on record as being against the issue in its entirety.

ATTACK IS PROVED.

Man Said to be Wealthy is Found Guilty of Assault upon Girl's Person—Charge Linked with Alleged Shocking Atrocities by Trio.

S. George Reese, said to be a wealthy oil operator, was found guilty by Police Judge Richardson yesterday in the women's court of assault upon the person of Miss Mabel Woodward in Elysian Park, two months ago.

Health Officer Says She's Not Dead.



Reatha Watson, the "too-beautiful" lately reported to have escaped the divorce court by death. But the Health Commissioner of Salt Lake, where she is now, made an investigation of the facts and says she is very much alive.

REATHA WATSON ALIVE; DIVORCE SUIT STANDS.

REATHA WATSON, the "too-beautiful" girl, who was recently reported to have died in Salt Lake City as the result of a broken back, is declared in a letter to Attorney Gerald Doyle of this city from Dr. R. W. Ashley, health commissioner there, to be very much alive.

MEMBERS OF TAXPAYERS' LEAGUE OPPOSE ISSUE.

AFTER canvassing a large number of the members of the California Taxpayers' League, the secretary, J. F. Paulding, said yesterday that a straw vote of several hundred shows approximately 16 to 1 against the power bonds.

CONTRACT'S LET FOR BIG RAILWAY HEADQUARTERS.

THE contract for the new division headquarters building and railway station of the Santa Fe at San Bernardino has been awarded to the Cresmer Manufacturing Company of Riverside, it was announced at the local offices of the road yesterday.

HARBOR UNDER RULES OF WAR.

Craft Within the Defensive Area is Warned.

Violators Liable to be Fired upon and Sunk.

Coastwise Steamers Relieved of Usual Reports.

The following regulations governing the movements and character of vessels in the new defense area of the Los Angeles Harbor were made public yesterday by Capt. J. C. Cantwell, commanding the United States coast guard cutter McCulloch:

ALLOW FISHING IN RESERVOIRS.

Service Commissioners ERM Ban that has Protected Schools of Bass.

Fishing will be permitted in all city reservoirs from today until further notice, as a result of action taken yesterday by the Board of Public Service. It was announced by Chief Engineer Mulholland that black bass abound in Silver Lake and Fernando reservoir, and it is expected the public will take such advantage of its new privilege.

INCOME TAX PROMPT.

More than One Million Dollars for Month of May Received by the Collector, Showing a Big Gain Over Same Month of Last Year.

The patriotic manner in which those liable for income tax payment in this internal revenue district are responding is indicated by the May receipts in the office of Collector Carter. The grand total for the month closing last night was \$1,059,896, as compared with \$291,856.54 for May, 1916, and \$123,887.38 for the same month of 1915.

IN BUILDERS' CASE.

Time is Set for Hearing Arguments for Bill of Particulars. A motion filed by the defendants in the Home Builders' case, for a bill of particulars setting out what the government expects to prove in the criminal action charging former officers and directors of the corporation with using the mails in a scheme to defraud, will be argued before United States District Judge Sledge, Monday afternoon. The trial of the case is set for October.

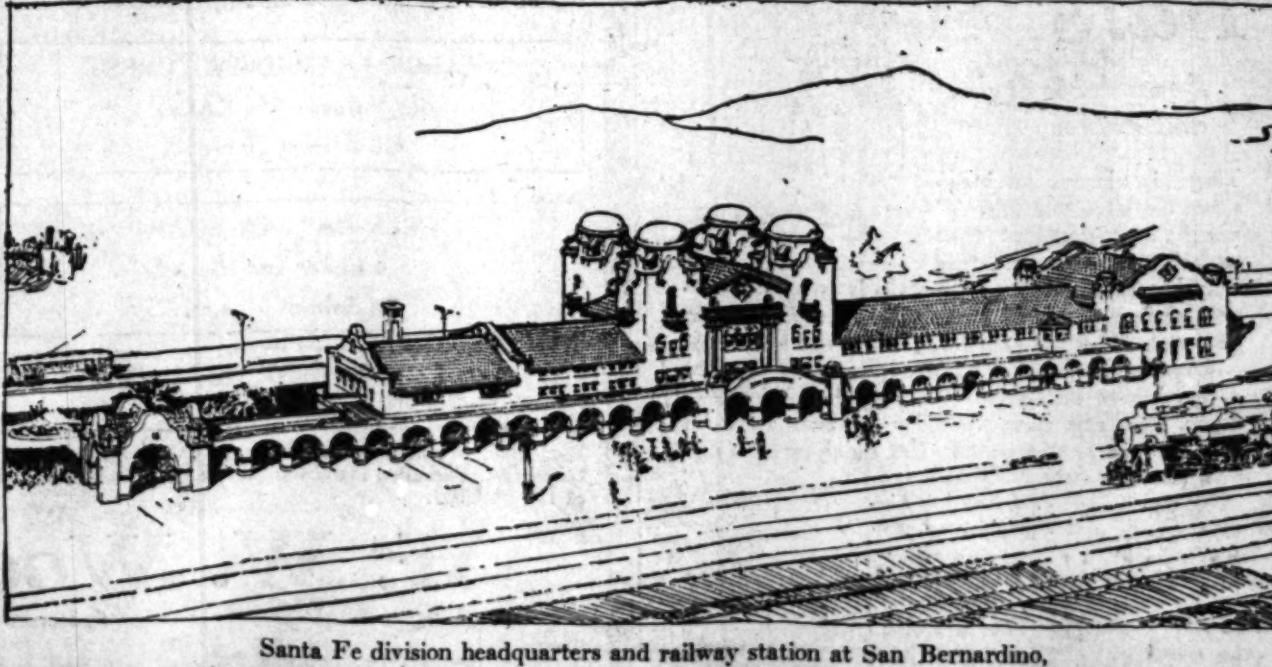
A. B. Blackstone Co. 318-320-322 South Broadway. The Environment of Fashion and Quality Spiced With Rare Buying Opportunity.

Blackstone's Clearance

"Unusual" because it is being held earlier than usual.

"Different" because Merchandise is being sold at prices practically impossible of duplication—because that Merchandise is of regular Blackstone standard as to quality, worth and desirability

- \$29.50 and \$35.00 Women's Suits. \$19.50
- \$39.50, \$45.00 and \$47.50 Women's Suits. \$29.50
- \$50.00 to \$65.00 Women's Suits. \$39.50
- Shetland Wool Sweaters, special. \$4.95
- \$35.00 Daytime Coats. \$25.00
- Handsome \$65.00 to \$125.00 Gowns. \$46.75
- Dresses \$25.00 to \$45.00 at. 1-3 off
- \$35.00 Sports Silk Skirts. \$22.50
- Garrette and Crepe de Chine Blouses. \$4.95
- Dressed Sailors, values to \$6.50, now. \$2.25
- Trimmed Hats, values to \$7.50, now. \$3.75
- Trimmed Hats, values to \$16.50, now. \$4.95
- Trimmed Hats, values to \$20.00, now. \$6.95
- Trimmed Hats, values to \$25.00, now. \$10.00
- \$1.50 and \$1.75 new Neckwear. 95c
- \$2.25 to \$3.00 Veils at. \$1.50
- \$5.00 Black Lace Veils at. \$2.75
- \$2.95 Infants' Long Dresses. \$1.95
- White Lawn Dresses, values to \$2.95. Now. \$1.95
- \$3.00, \$2.50 and \$2.00 Dress Goods, at yard. \$1.45
- 75c to \$1.50 Mohairs, Voiles and Challies, at yd. 50c
- Women's handbags and envelope purses. Regular prices, \$3.50 to \$7.75. Clearance price. \$2.95
- Fancy Ribbon in practically all weaves and widths. Regular prices, \$1 and \$1.25, at yd. 69c
- Jewelry and Fancy Hair Ornaments: values to \$5 and \$6. Clearance price. \$2.95
- Novelty Jewelry—all wanted styles. Former prices up to \$2.50, at. \$1.25
- 75c and \$1 Earrings, Necklaces, Long Chains and Brooches. Sale price. \$1.00
- Corsets regularly priced up to \$10.00, now. \$4.95
- \$30.00 9x12 Rag. \$15.00
- \$42.50 Wilton Rugs, 6x9 size. \$35.00
- \$24.00 Wilton Rugs, 4x7.6 size. \$17.50
- \$11.75 Wilton Rugs, 36x63 size. \$9.25
- \$7.50 Wilton Rugs, 27x54 size. \$5.75
- \$5.00 Wilton Rugs, 22x36 size. \$4.00



Santa Fe division headquarters and railway station at San Bernardino. For which the contract has just been let. It was designed by G. W. Harris, chief engineer of the Coast lines, and W. M. Mohr, architect. Work on this important project will begin at once.

FOR YOUR VACATION. Select Your Ukulele Now During Our 37th Anniversary Celebration Sale. Ukuleles: \$2.75, \$2.95, \$3.25 and up. Ukulele Banjos: \$9.95. These are regular \$15.00 and \$17.50 styles. "Store Open Evenings." FRANK J. HART SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC COMPANY. 312-314 SOUTH BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES.







# SOCIETY.

10c—20c—30c  
BEGINNING NEXT WEEK:  
"THE NEGLECTED WIFE."  
WASHINGTON BASE  
SAN FRANCISCO  
Every Day Except Monday  
SUNDAY MORNING GAME

REED & HUDSON  
HARRY SYDELL  
JED & ETHEL DOOLEY  
FINAL CHAPTER  
THE SECRET KINGDOM

---

EBALL PARK— PACIFIC COAST  
LEAGUE

D vs. LOS ANGELES

Game Called at 2:30 P. M.  
AT VERNON PARK, 10:30 A. M.

of my mouth, for I thought the might appropriately be called the "Granny-mobile." And I do not mean to ridicule those dear old people who find so much pleasure in motoring; for it gives me almost as much happiness as it does them, I am sure. I love to see elderly people happy in dear California, during those latter days which I am sure are here prolonged.

\* \* \*

**Bridal Silver.**

Many tea gowns suggest the Orient, especially in the gold and silver thread embroidery.

A very pretty frock can be made of dark blue muslin with sleeves and collar of gray orrandy.

The simplest jumper blouses are rendered charming by a little brilliant-colored embroidery.

Cloth traveling hats are made to match certain traveling suits. Even handbags are made of the suit cloth.

Tam-o-Shanter shapes are worn by some of them have straw brims and

There are numerous other ways they can serve," he declared. Among other things, he suggested a plan to double the funds now being spent for the maintenance of Belgian widows and orphans.

"What we want to do is to get beyond the flag-waving stage with our patriotism and produce real results where they are most necessary," he

**UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.**  
There are telegrams at the Western Union for Mrs. Grace M. Bros. Mrs. Ione V. Cowles, Carroll Davis F. G. Dana, Emmitt Ecord, William Hocking, E. J. Killeen, W. S. Moore, Mrs. Minnie Murray, Sr. Y. Orth, Miss Albertine Pickens, Thomas Rock, Harry Sinclair, D. M. Sommers, Gus Spengler, Violet Stout, Mrs. Hattie Wheeler, Mrs. George Young; at the Postal for Harold Chapman, Mrs. Mabel Jackson, George E. Howland, P. R. Venable.

**SYMPHONY THEATER—** 414-616 S. BROADWAY

**SUPERBA** 5th and Broadway  
The Home of the Blue Birds

**FRANK** in "B" And

**WOODLEY** 125 & 60WT.

**"The Millionaire"**

**HEL BARRYMORE**  
in "THE CALL OF HER PEOPLE"  
a Greatest Picture We Have Ever Shown.  
**BROOKLYN FARNUM**  
BRINGING HOME FATHER"  
a Burlesque of "Hell Morgan's Girl."  
**CHAS. RAY**  
"The Vagabond"

By Grace Kingsley.

**SYMPHONY THEATER—**  
414-416 S. BROADWAY

**SUPERBA**  
4th and Broadway  
The Home of the Blue Birds

**FRAN**  
in "BR"  
And a

**WOODLEY** 123 S. BOWT.

**G FEATURES—8** MATINEES  
Headed By **10 Cent**  
**WHIRLING SENSATION**  
**NE VAUDEVILLE ACTS—3** ALL SEATS  
Hearst Pathe News **EVERY 15c**

**MARY MILES MINTER**  
MOST LOVABLE OF ALL SCREEN STARS  
**"ANNIE-FOR-SPIE"**  
LATEST HEARST-PATHE NEWS

**EL BARRYMORE**  
"THE CALL OF HER PEOPLE"  
Greatest Picture We Have Ever Shown.

**BROOKLYN FARNUM**  
"RINGING HOME FATHER"  
Burlesque of "Hell Morgan's Girl."

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WASHINGTON BASEBALL PARK— PACIFIC COAST  
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**UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.**  
There are telegrams at the Western Union for Mr. George B. Davis, Mrs. Irene V. Cowles, Carroll Davis, F. G. Dana, Emmet Ecord, William Hocking, E. J. Killean, W. S. Moore, J. H. O'Connell, J. H. O'Connell, Miss Albertine Pickens, Thomas Rock, Harry Sinclair, D. M. Sommers, Gus Spengler, Violet Stout, and Miss Mary E. Young. The Postal for Harold

**SYMPHONY THEATRE—**  
 414-416 S. BROADWAY  
**ETHEL BARRYMORE**  
 In "THE CALL OF HER PEOPLE"  
 The Greatest Picture We Have Ever Shown.

THE MINORANA VESANT.



**KICK NOT US.** At the corner of Blank and Blank streets is a billboard fence plastered in part with ex post facto advice to "vote for Snyder for Mayor" and in part with a "pious appeal to 'kick the newspapers out of politics.'" This fence excludes from the eyes of the passer-by a view of a field arrayed in living green, all spanned with posies, and because The Times abhors the suppression of that fence the "billboard trust," whom may the devil condemn as a rapacious destroyer of beautiful views, would "kick the newspapers out of politics." Think what a dreary and unlightened world it would be with The Times kicked out of politics! No comments on WILLIAM HOWARD WILSON's evacuation of Trieste, or of Woodrow Wilson's purpose to make the present generation pay the cost of the war, or appeals to our local solons not to break our hearts and wreck our savings-bank deposits with unnecessary taxation. The journals whose posterior should receive the impact of the pedoneras of the billboard trust would be compelled to fill its columns with something. It might resort to animalcules alone on the unslylike conduct of Cleopatra in her relations with Mark Antony or to condemnation of Belshazzar for serving his guests with fried tripe and black rock-tallie, or to a section of the Athenian in crystal, or to violent banishment of Aristotle. But its readers would soon weary of stale news. No, no, no, dear friends! Please don't kick us out of politics! You must kick someone, kick the billboards off our streets.

*Cornered.*



ever become great than it failed to deal frankly with it, publishing publishing good news when it can, idealizing its optimism, but printing bad news when it must do so.

Recently The Times received a communication from an advertiser remonstrating with us for "bringing home to your readers continually, day after day, hour after hour, the fact that we are going to be taxed, that food has gone up and will continue to go up." In the course of his remonstrance the writer observes:

We all know that we are going to be taxed; we all know that we must pay for our war; we all know that it is necessary for us, individuals as well as organizations, to employ economy at the present time. But why permit your editorial department to continue to show the tax collector to the door? Can you not realize that the merchants have enough to overcome without making their task any harder?

This is the kind of an appeal with which the editor of every important publication is familiar. Business would be better if given conditions could not exist; ergo, keep business good as long as you can, by concealing the harmful facts from the public. Such a policy might succeed the first time, but a confidence once lost is never wholly regained. By pursuing such a course the usefulness of the press would be lost in a single season. It is like urging one to wait until dark to ascend a perilous slope. Only by pointing out clearly the topography of the defiles through which we are passing by publishing the truth in advance can serious accidents be averted.

Paraphrasing the narrative of the damage wrought by earthquake and fire in San Francisco would have done little harm to the business of the northern metropolis if earthquake and fire had not preceded the publication. We wonder whether our correspondent has remonstrated with the Federal government because the black flag flying above the Weather Bureau hurts business in the retail district on certain afternoons.

No American newspaper exercises more diligence than The Times to verify every statement before publication. On each desk in both the editorial and business departments appears the following injunction, "Be sure you are right, then go ahead," placed there by the general manager.

The Times is, first of all, a NEWSPAPER. No advertiser or association of advertisers has ever directed the editorial policy of The Times, or ever will.

**WHO'S TO BLAME?**

There is one subject upon which citizens of Los Angeles are practically agreed—that the government of this city costs too much money for the results obtained. Everybody feels that the city business is not handled with the economy and efficiency that is secured by the average business firm or corporation. Everybody knows that public interests are constantly subjected to individual or private interests, and that mistakes and mismanagement are common.

The same thing may be said, with quite as much truth, regarding our county administration. The annual budgets of this county run to over \$20,000,000. When these funds are handled by men, most of whom would never be given a moment's consideration for any important executive position in the business world, perhaps it is no wonder that they occasionally mislay a million. But even when there's no such shortage, the people of the county are largely under the impression that the business of the county is not being conducted on a strictly business basis, and they don't hesitate to complain—justly or unjustly.

In fact, there is such a continual chorus of fault-finding as to the service rendered by public officials that it is hard to find a high-class man, thoroughly qualified for of-

rice, who will submit to the kicks—for the money there is in it.

Yet—who is to blame? The voters of the city and the county have fired, by charter, the salaries to be paid, and they choose and elect the men—and women—holding office. That is, they have the chance to do so—they can if they will select the men to be nominated and vote for the candidate selected. If they vote for incompetent or dishonest men, or for those who permit the election of undesirable officeholders through their own indifference or neglect, they have no right to find fault with the results.

The people of Los Angeles are about to elect a new City Council and Board of Education, and to vote on a number of questions vital to the future of the city. Yet the average citizen is taking little interest in the coming election. "General Apathy" holds the field, apparently, and the general public is unconcerned. The interest in the war and the draft has quite overshadowed civic affairs.

The next City Council will have the settling of many important matters—the billboard ordinance, if the present Council succeeds in staving it off until after election—the power problem; the Second-street tunnel, which seems to have once more been sidetracked; the civic center proposition; city and county consolidation—these are only a few of the big questions for the next Council.

How do the various candidates stand on these questions? Who of them have had experience and training that qualify them for the office? Who of them have "made good" in, or out, of office? It is safe to say that the average voter has very hazy notions on these subjects. Probably a majority of them could name half the nominees on the ticket—say nothing of knowing enough about them to vote wisely.

It is the same with the Board of Education—even the parents, who are most vitally concerned in the conduct of our schools, are paying little attention to the campaign and are willing to let the hands of the few who are interested. But they will complain just as heartily afterward, if the board elected does not meet their approval in its attitude or action. And the people who are most indifferent at election time may be counted upon to equal the loudest when the city fathers fail to carry out their wishes—order an assessment that they won't pay.

**A TREASONABLE STRIKE.**

The strike of the copper miners at Jerome, Ariz., is without the slightest pretension to merit. They have no grievances, none whatever. They did not complain of their hours of labor or the hygienic conditions of the camp. They demanded an increase of 50 cents per day to the liberality they were receiving and the companies granted their demand. They demanded that the companies should not charge all its employees who were not members of the union and should supply the places with members of the union selected by the officers of the union." This last demand the companies refused, whereupon the union members struck and are threatening to blow up the properties of the company and murder any workers who may take their place.

It should be but one answer to the insolent and unwarranted threat of union labor. That answer should be to send a sufficient force of Federal troops to Jerome with directions to preserve order and crush the rioters, whom it is more than suspected are inspired by anti-American influences.

**The Inspired Make-up Man.**

(Callipolis (O.) Tribune:—) A family of seven have been living in a stable in Portsmouth, N. H., and under their rooms cows are kept.

During the evening they were served with refreshments.

## THE RAW MATERIAL

BY PRIVATE JONES.

[illegible]

## IN THE JUNETIME

BY EUGENE BROWN.

[illegible]

## PEN POINTS

BY THE STAFF.

those Liberty Loan bonds of a  
like buckwheat cakes of a  
morning.

Fashion note: The khaki w  
such worn this summer, ex  
a men's wear.

The authorities give M. J. M  
as "raffish." Did you kn  
was as bad as that?

A lot of our male acquainta  
will be older than they look  
est Tuesday. They appear  
aging rapidly.

The English Admiralty claim  
submarine menace has been  
ed. Have all of the Belgian  
ships been sunk?

The Democrats of Arkansas  
to speak louder. It is evid  
Senator Kirby did not hear  
demand that he resign.

An explosive ten thousand  
most powerful that has been  
discovered. Try a bit of  
stuff under the slackers.

Those who are interested in  
conservation of food and other  
resources will find a number  
interesting texts in "Poor Kid  
Almanac."

It is now claimed that Ben  
suffering from mosquitoes. If  
the food shortage stories are  
they ought to welcome a bit  
of stinging over there.

The War Department has o  
designated the "Star Spangled  
Banner" as the national anth  
will be a sort of crimp in the  
cloth of numerous Los An  
orchestras who had hoped i  
table to supply it.

Former Ambassador Gerard  
thority for the statement that  
is not likely to be any revolu  
Germany. There may be strik  
Those who wish to approach  
popular uprising. The people  
he says, worship their present  
of government.

Even the Bible can be que  
flavoring of the roasting draft  
you recall that passage in  
epistles in which, among other  
admonished upon scriptural  
lines, is that they put the po  
mind to be subject to princ  
and powers and to obey magis

Business ought to proceed as  
during the war. There is a  
erotic duty served by salting  
the money that you intended  
to the purchase of a new gar  
for any other commodity but  
house. If there is to be any d  
tion, let it be of those things  
money will not purchase.

The report that there exist  
tion-wide conspiracy to defe  
draft, recalls that during the  
tion there was a strong move  
several States against the d  
enough in the purchase of a n  
a Democrat. There exists in  
Ohio today the remains of "F  
able," where the draft-fight  
out against the government  
few minutes.

This is the last day when  
enemies reading within a hal  
of any government fort, wh  
manufacturing establishment o  
at their work or home in  
possession of a permit les  
the authorities at Washing  
applies not only to dwellers  
in the prohibited zone, but o  
of those who labor there.

Pancho Villa is a many-sided  
The news of his activities is  
and entertaining. Now he is  
now yonder. Sometimes the  
enough in the son in the be  
when he rides alone. Now  
licked, and then a victor, N  
Carranza men are deserting  
that they are flocking to his  
ward. The American has him  
in a cave nursing a wound,  
that he is roaming at will o  
Mexico. One story says he h  
to strike the American border  
other that he has been in  
some months.

While the authorities are ab  
out comfortable means to an  
America's "troopers" in the  
service, the celebration of "s  
sock" should not be forgot  
was made of an empty sock  
Tear it into four-inch strips  
four feet long. Place one s  
of the foot, run the line of  
the toes, hold it there while  
wing the strip up and over  
and then spirally envelop  
the ankle, puttee fashion.  
tucking in the end about the  
It is a good idea, and of ap  
any size or peculiarity of

Prosperity.

It's easy to haul on the level.  
A skid-road that's smooth  
floor;

An' you may talk to rock like a  
An' you'll have to shoulder like  
An' even a hill may not beat  
A little upgrade now and then  
But there is a road that will  
The test of both horses and

An' that is the downgrade  
brother.  
The place where you don't  
pull;  
The easy road, somehow or  
The road that of trouble is full  
The road up the hill you can  
The long haul that's no  
beat,  
But when things are tough  
That's when you must  
your feet.

Hard luck seldom conquers  
A fellow the regular kind  
But when you will quit, if you  
lah

Is when things are shor  
Right then is the danger of  
Is when you are wantin'  
So haul yourself back  
britch!

An' keep in the middle.  
—[Douglas Malloch, in the  
can Lemberman.

**LANE FORMER  
CROSS CAM**

**Western Leaders Confer to  
duct a Canvass for a Million  
Sums in Other Southwestern  
Chairman of the Fund C**

[illegible]







## The Security and Your Property

Experience and observation tell the same story and point with unerring accuracy to the fact that financial reverses may come to the wisest and best of business men.

To guard against unforeseen misfortune and thereby make sure of your future, why not place a portion of your estate in a "Living Trust" with the Security as Trustee?

The Security will hold and manage under a Trust agreement, and at a very reasonable charge, real estate, money, stocks, bonds, notes, mortgages or other securities for your own benefit, or the benefit of any other person or lawful object.

The Security as such Trustee will provide you and your family absolute protection, relieve you and them of details and responsibilities and give your property the benefit of expert management by a capable and financially responsible State-supervised organization, as well as a personal interest which is an important part of such trusts.

The possibilities and various phases of these trusts are well worth investigation by you. Why not consult the officers of our Trust Department forthwith? They will be glad to give you full and valuable information concerning these trusts.

**SECURITY TRUST SAVINGS BANK**  
Security Corner, Fifth and Spring  
Equitable Branch, First and Spring

## WHO PUT THE SKIDS UNDER SAN FRANCISCO?

Every fifth year the U. S. Census Bureau counts noses in the shops and factories of the entire country. In this count all communities stand on exactly the same basis, and the accuracy of the result is not questioned. Between 1899 and 1914—before the war brought about a radical change in normal industrial conditions—the manufacturing development of the Far Western centers is shown by the following table, compiled from the U. S. Census reports:

City	No. of Establishments			No. of Wage Earners		
	1899	1914	Increase	1899	1914	Increase
Salt Lake .....	154	366	212	2154	4931	2777
Spokane .....	84	278	194	1060	3021	1971
Portland .....	408	837	429	5380	11271	5891
Seattle .....	352	1014	672	4440	12429	7989
Oakland .....	195	573	378	2476	7692	5216
Los Angeles .....	534	1911	1377	5173	31352	26179
San Francisco .....	1748	2334	586	32555	31758	*797

It is a most interesting table. It shows that Portland and Salt Lake City more than doubled the number of their wage earners in the period; Seattle, Spokane and Oakland almost trebled the number; Los Angeles, the infant phenomenon, was able to make an almost six-fold increase.

The only community that progressed crabwise, that showed an actual decrease in the number of wage-earners, was San Francisco.

The City of the Argonauts had the greatest wealth, the best position, the richest hinterland, the most efficient transportation arteries and the oldest trade connections. Why did San Francisco stand still industrially while all its competitors leaped ahead?

"The greed of the land speculators," answer the unions. "The closed shop," reply the employers.

## WHO IS RIGHT? WHO REALLY KILLED COCK ROBIN?

Read the analysis of the situation in the June issue of SUNSET. In this period of tremendous industrial growth the theme is of vital, compelling interest to every resident of the Far West.

In 1916 a total of 9100 Japanese entered the United States; in 1908, before the Gentlemen's Agreement became effective, 9554 entered. But these figures do not tell the whole story. In 1906 only 134 Japanese babies were born in California; in 1915 the number of Japanese-Californian babies had risen to 3334—and it is still going up! Read the illuminating article, "The Hon. Gentlemen's Agreement," by G. Charles Hodges. It is full of facts that will cause every Californian to think.

Four Gripping Short Stories  
Five Helpful Departments  
Eight Special Articles

On All News-Stands

**SUNSET**  
The Pacific Monthly

Fifteen Cents

The Los Angeles Times carries the story of your goods, and presents you appeal to a vast army of readers who are able to buy advertised articles, and who, on account of believing in this paper, are predisposed in favor of its advertisers.

**KIRK'S ARMY-NAVY**  
135 SO. SPRING ST.  
NOVELTIES AND GOODS TO PLEASE EVERYBODY  
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

**Smith's**  
CASH MARKET  
WALTER E. SMITH CO.  
215-219 South Spring  
1500-1550 West Washington

## FORTUNE GROWS WITH COUNTRY.

Minor's Estate is Enriched During Administration.

Due to Splendid Advances of San Fernando Valley.

Guardian Reviews Tremendous Development.

Through the administration of Judge Rives of the probate court, which kept together the one-third share of Benjamin F. Porter, a minor, in the \$1,000,000 estate of his father, George K. Porter of San Fernando Valley, his holdings have increased from \$222,456 in 1906 to \$124,485.25. During this period Benjamin F. Porter's affairs were managed by his legal guardian, Louis P. Boardman.

Yesterday Mr. Boardman filed with the probate court his final report, in which he reviews the litigation that followed the death of George K. Porter, November 16, 1904, the segregation of the minor son's interest and the tremendous development of the San Fernando Valley. The elder Porter owned a large tract in the valley, land in Santa Barbara, San Luis Obispo and Lassen counties, a lot in San Francisco and personal property, including bonds of the San Fernando Mission Land Company.

Benjamin F. Porter, who was 19 years old when his father died, received the home place of seventeen acres and an additional tract of 447 acres.

"This period of time," says Mr. Boardman in his report, "has seen the San Fernando Valley, in which the lands of the said estate are situated, show a marked development

## FAIR HANDS IN POTATO THEFT?

Woman's Dainty Shoe Prints in a Looted Tuber Field Look Suspicious.

Footprints, dainty and small, presumably those of a woman, are the only clues as to the manner in which fifty pounds of potatoes disappeared from the two-acre field of Henry G. Wallmeyer, of No. 228 West Sixty-fifth street, early yesterday.

Mr. Wallmeyer reported to the police yesterday that the tubers in his patch are ripening and that several of the rows had been stripped.

Several small footprints, probably made by a woman's shoes, were found in the patch.

Through the construction of roads and highways, the added facilities of transportation and communication, the introduction of systems of lighting and power and other means and the increased tillage of the soil, the introduction of systems of irrigation is now given of a much greater development through the means of irrigation to be afforded by the distribution of water from the Los Angeles aqueduct.

The Attorney Boardman also expresses his appreciation of Judge Rives for his patience and care in protecting the interests of the 19-year-old boy, which kept the property together and thereby secured him a fortune.

George K. Porter left a widow, Kate C. Porter, who subsequently became Mrs. Fred Berritt; a daughter, Mrs. Charles A. Christian, and the young son.

VISITORS AT THE Y.W.C.A.

The vespers service of the Young Women's Christian Association will be held next Sunday at 4 o'clock. A musical programme will be given by the orchestra.

## ATTACK GRAND JURY CHARGES.

Lawyers for County Officials Ask Dismissal.

Plead that Charge of Felony is not Covered.

Recall is Titled Only Method for Removal.

The right of the Superior Court to conduct the trials of Supervisors Hamilton, Norton and Woodley, County Treasurer Hunt and County Auditor Lewis, accused by the grand jury of misconduct in office, was attacked in Judge Wilbur's court yesterday on the ground of lack of jurisdiction. This point was argued for the greater part of the day by the defense attorneys, Chief Deputy District Attorney Croy responding to the charges.

The trend of the argument was that the accusations covered no felony, conviction on which would automatically remove the incumbents, and that the unseating of the county officers involved in the charges must be by process of recall. The accusation is also attacked by demurring on the ground that it does not state a cause of action.

Hearing was continued until this morning at 10 o'clock. The various respondents were represented as follows: Chairman Hamilton by Joseph Scott and John Beardsley, Supervisors Norton by General Williams and Miss Vera Norton, Supervisor Woodley by Leonard and Stinson, County Treasurer Hunt by Arthur Keetch and A. I. McCormick, County Auditor Lewis by Messrs. Messer and J. D. Taggart. The charges are based on the deficit of \$1,350,000 in the county fund, the grand jury selecting specific instances where funds were expended when a shortage existed.

## RAIL ENGINEER RECRUITS GONE.

Nearly Hundred Leave to Join Eighth Regiment for Duty "Somewhere."

Some ninety-six members of the Railway Engineer Corps, recruited in Los Angeles by Capt. A. M. Achter, left Los Angeles last night on the Lark for "somewhere" to join the Eighth Regiment Engineer Corps for service overseas.

The total enlistment at this point was 150, which is the largest quota secured on the Pacific Coast.

The contingent leaving last night consisted of forty-one noncommissioned officers and fifty-five privates. The men will join the Eighth Regiment under command of Lieut.-Col. James B. Cavanaugh. They expect to be sent soon to France.

The Eighth Regiment will construct and maintain railway, telegraph and telephone lines for the movement of troops.

TOUCHED FOR A THOUSAND.

Negroes Tell Police Two Colored Men Swindled Her.

Mrs. Jennie Phillips, colored, of No. 1124 West Fifty-fourth street, complained to the police yesterday that two negro swindlers had robbed her of \$1000 cash two weeks ago. She says the pair picked up a purse in front of her, showed her a big roll of "bills" and asked her if she would change some of them into others of smaller denominations. She went to the bank, she says, drew out the \$1000 for "change" and that was the last of it.

## SPECIAL WEEK-END MARKET BARGAINS FOR "TIMES" READERS

**Drink Claret**  
Cooling, Refreshing, Invigorating—the Ideal Summer Beverage.

Drink EL MONDO BRAND CLARET, cheaper, better, healthier than beer. A genuine thirst quencher. Serve Claret Punch, a delicious non-heating drink. Use EL MONDO CLARET as a hot-weather tonic; it will cleanse the blood—tone up the system—give increased energy and efficiency. Physicians advise it.

**EL MONDO BRAND CLARET**  
Different grades priced according to age and quality.

**TABLE CLARET**  
Full Gal. 50c  
Contains 120 extra or exchanged.

**SONOMA CLARET**  
Full Gal. 75c  
Contains 120 extra.

**STANDARD CLARET**  
Large 25c  
Bottle 25c  
CASE, 1 doz. bottles, \$2.50  
FULL GAL. \$1.00

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**Smith's Market**  
212-216 S. Spring St.  
Telephone Main 5673.  
60451.

**Del Monte Pineapple**

Sliced No. 1 Tin, 10c, \$1.15  
Sliced No. 2 Tin, 16c, \$1.90  
Grated No. 1 Tin, 10c, \$1.15  
Grated No. 2 Tin, 15c, \$1.80

France American Ready-Made Soups, assorted, 3 tins, 25c; 95c dozen.

Gold Medal 70c  
Larg. 5 for 10c.  
Boxed Soup 40c  
10 bars Small 6 for 10c.  
Tryphena Jelly Dessert, 3 pgs. 25c

**FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS**

Columbia River Salmon, 20c  
Larg. 5 for 10c.  
New Potatoes, 10c  
7 lbs. \$1.25 lug box.  
Summer Squash, per lb. 5c  
Portugal Sardines, in oil, 10c  
Dozen, \$1.15.

Silver Skin Onions, 25c  
6 lbs. 25c  
New Potatoes, 10c  
7 lbs. \$1.25 lug box.  
Summer Squash, per lb. 5c  
Portugal Sardines, in oil, 10c  
Dozen, \$1.15.

Eastern Bacon, whole or half piece, per lb. 35c.  
Dill Pickles, Sour Mixed; Melon Mango Sliced Dill Pickles, Quart Jar, 25c.  
Curtis Ripe Olives, Supreme, Quart Tin, Medium, 25c; Fancy, 30c; Extra Fancy, 40c.

**THE BEST FOR LESS**  
at YOUNG'S—638 Broadway.

Potatoes FANCY NEW 7 lbs. . . . 25c

Beans KENTUCKY WONDERS . . . 5c

Squash EXTRA GOOD 3 lbs. . . . 10c

Pot Roasts . . . 12½c AND 15c

Hamburger EVERY DAY lb. . . . 15c

FREE DELIVERY

**YOUNG'S MARKET CO.**

QUALITY, SERVICE AND RELIABILITY. Prompt attention given to all mail and out-of-town orders.

Established 1890. Tel.—Main 95; F1259; A8892.

**CRESCENT WINE CO.**

631 South Grand Ave.

ASK FOR and GET

**Horlick's**

The Original Malted Milk

Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price.

**BUTTERMILK BAR**

504 So. Broadway.

Buttermilk, Sweet Milk, Sandwiches, Pie, Coffee, Chocolate, Ice Cream. . . . 5c

## GOVERNMENT ASKED TO FURNISH

Local Defense Council Federal Investment.

As Best Way to Get Out of Idle Acres Tillage.

Method of Forcing Work to be Sought.

With millions of acres of land in California and in view of great necessity of providing food, the County Council today adopted a resolution advocating that the government take over the lands and farm them for the people.

The State Council of Defense meets the advisability of the government's taking over the lands and farm them for the people. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 10 to 2.

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## The News

### EDUCATOR IS STORM CENTER

Pasadena Election Revolved Around Superintendent.

Strong Support is Given to Head of Schools.

Business Indorses the Ticket for Dr. Rhodes.

(LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

PASADENA, June 1.—With Dr. J. M. Rhodes, superintendent of public schools, as the issue, three members of the Board of Education will be chosen at an election today. There are seven candidates in the field, three of whom are said to be bitterly opposed to the superintendent, three strongly favoring him and one candidate whose position is not publicly known.

The candidates who are regarded as being "after the superintendent" are Mrs. Clara M. Odell, a present member of the board, seeking re-election; James E. Hidding, a former member of the board, who bitterly opposed the appointment of Dr. Rhodes two years ago, and C. S. Thompson.

A long list of prominent business men and society leaders has indorsed three other candidates on the theory that they would strongly support the superintendent if they are elected. These are James S. Bennett, Mrs. George B. Dane and Frank May.

Among those who have indorsed them are Mr. and Mrs. John R. Miller, Dr. John Willis Blair, Ernest H. May, David Blankenhorn, J. B. Coulson, Mrs. Clara Bryant Hayward and B. O. Kendall.

George P. Cary has not defined his position and his chances of election are regarded as slight. Recently W. S. Granite, president of the board, and former Judge George E. Waldo, who were candidates, withdrew from the race, announcing that they did so because of hidden politics. They believed that their withdrawal would facilitate the election of the pro-Rhodes candidates and eliminate confusion. There are fourteen precincts. The polls will be open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

**LOYALTY MEETING.**

A "loyalty" mass meeting will be held in the High School auditorium Tuesday evening, when Dr. James A. Haiseld, president of Pomona College, will deliver the address on the subject "Washington in War Times." Four ten-minute talks will be delivered on the necessity of supporting the war effort.

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